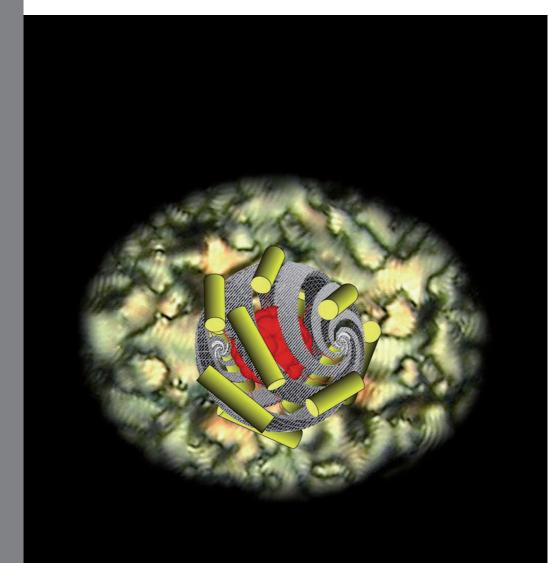


## EUROCORES Programme European Collaborative Research

#### **SONS II**

Self-Organized NanoStructures



## EUROCORES European Collaborative Research

Self-organisation, or self-assembly, is a process in which a supramolecular organisation is established in a complex system of interlocking components. The mechanism that produces the organisation is determined by the competing interactions between the components. The hierarchy of interactions determines the hierarchy of levels in the final nanostructured material. Thus, self-organising compounds allow a defined and well-controlled construction of ordered architectures on a nanometer-scale.

The SONS Programme concerns the utilisation of supramolecular interactions to synthesise and position functional assemblies, macromolecules, dendrimers, liquid crystals, tailor-made polymers and inorganic nanoparticles.

Molecular self-assembled architectures may find applications in advanced technologies such as new chip technologies (DNA probes, lab-on-the-chip), sensors, transistors, light-emitting diodes, communication technologies, magnetic information storage, photovoltaic cells, and molecular motors and machines.

The second Call for Proposals of SONS was launched in May 2005, and seven Collaborative Research Projects (CRPs) were selected for funding, bringing together 51 research groups from 15 countries, with a total budget of almost 8 Mio Euros.

The SONS Programme fosters pan-European collaborative research, networking and training as well as dissemination of scientific results and activities developed in the frame of this programme.

# List of funded Collaborative Research Projects (CRPs)

## SUPRAmolecular MATerials for new functional StructurES (SUPRAMATES)

(CNR, DFG, EPSRC, FWO)

SUPRAMATES is a Collaborative Research Project focused on the use of  $\pi$ -conjugated supramolecular nanostructured materials as active building blocks for the development of multiscale prototypes of optoelectronic devices, including FETs, OLEDs and solar cells.

#### Project Leader:

#### Dr. Paolo Samorì

Istituto per la Sintesi Organica e la Fotoreattività (ISOF), Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche (CNR), Bologna, Italy

Principal Investigators:

#### Dr. Franco Cacialli

University College London, London Centre for Nanotechnology, London, United Kingdom

#### Professor Richard H. Friend

University of Cambridge, Cambridge, United Kingdom

#### Dr. Johan Hofkens

University of Leuven, Heverlee, Belgium

#### Professor Klaus Müllen

Max-Planck-Institute for Polymer Research, Mainz, Germany

Associated Partner:

#### **Professor Alan Edward Rowan**

University of Nijmegen, Nijmegen, Netherlands

# Assembly and Manipulation of Functional Supramolecular Nanostructures at Surfaces (FunSMARTs II)

(DFG, SNF, CSIC, CNR)

FunSMARTs II is engaged in the structural realisation of nanostructured functional molecular systems by hierarchical self-assembly processes.

By concentrating on the functionality "Molecular Magnetism" in two different variations (long-range ordered 2D domains and 0D single molecule magnets), this project expects to carry out "proof-of-principle" experiments on how to integrate and to manipulate molecular magnetic domains within demonstration operable devices.

#### Project Leader:

#### Dr. Mario Ruben

Institute of Nanotechnology, Research Centre Karlsruhe, Karlsruhe, Germany

Principal Investigators:

#### Professor Johannes V. Barth

Physik Department, TU München, Garching, Germany

#### Dr. Fabio Biscarini

Istituto per lo Studio dei Materiali Nanostrutturati (ISMN), Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche (CNR), Bologna, Italy

#### **Professor Harald Brune**

Institute of the Physics of Nanostructures (IPN), EPFL, Lausanne, Switzerland

#### Professor Alessandro De Vita

Department of Materials Engineering and Applied Chemistry, Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche (CNR), Trieste, Italy

#### Professor Klaus Kern

Institute für Festkörperforschung, Max-Planck-Gesellschaft, Stuttgart, Germany

#### Dr. Nian Lin

Institute of Solid State Research Stuttgart, Max-Planck-Gesellschaft, Stuttgart, Germany

#### Professor Jaume Veciana Miró

Institut de Ciencia de Materials de Barcelona, CSIC, Cerdanyola del Valles, Spain

Associated Partners:

#### **Professor Flemming Besenbacher**

Institute of Physics & Astronomy, University of Aarhus, Interdisciplinary Nanoscience Center (iNANO), Aarhus, Denmark

#### Professor Bjørk Hammer

Institute of Physics and Astronomy, Aarhus University Interdisciplinary Nanoscience Center (iNANO), Aarhus, Denmark

## Self-Organised Hybrid Devices (SOHYD)

(FWO, EPSRC, SNF, CSIC, DFG)

This project is focused on designing new nanoscale assemblies using inorganic and organic building blocks combined into (block) copolymers and hybrid structures. The functional units in these co-polymers are chosen for their opto-electronic properties such as light absorption, electronic charge transport, exciton formation or charge separation and light emission. Using physical adhesion to molecularly engineered surfaces and by the inherent property of block co-polymers to form (nano) separated phases, self assembled well-defined nanoscopic architectures will be prepared. These structures will be evaluated using electron and optical spectroscopic techniques such as, impedance spectroscopy, laser transient spectroscopy, steady state and lifetime emission measurements, either as is, or integrated in simple model devices.

#### Project Leader:

#### **Professor Dirk Vanderzande**

University of Hasselt, Institute for Material Research (IMO), Diepenbeek, Belgium

Principal Investigators:

#### Professor Juan Bisquert Mascarell

Universitat Jaume I, Castelló, Spain

#### **Professor Eugenio Coronado Miralles**

Instituto de Ciencia Molecular (ICMol), Universidad de Valencia, Burjassot, Spain

#### **Professor Michael Grätzel**

Institut des sciences et ingénierie chimiques, Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Lausanne, Switzerland

#### Dr. Saif Haque

Imperial College London, London, United Kingdom

#### **Professor Nazario Martin**

Facultad de Química, Universidad Complutense de Madrid, Madrid, Spain

#### Dr. Mukundan Thelakkat

University of Bayreuth, Bayreuth, Germany

#### **Professor Tomas Torres-Cebada**

Facultad de Ciencias, Universidad Autonoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain

## Liquid Crystals Nano-particles (LC-NANOP)

(EPSRC, DFG, PAN)

In this project an innovative approach towards combining the newly established field of nanostructuring with that of liquid crystals is proposed through the synthesis, analysis, characterisation and physico-chemical studies of liquid crystal mesogenic materials bound to central scaffolds of various chemical types, in order to give liquid crystal nanoparticles. In contrast to existing materials, nanostructured LCs can combine selforganisation with the ability to form secondary and tertiary structures, in a structural hierarchy similar to that found for proteins. Furthermore, super and supra-molecular LCs can exhibit a variety of physical properties which make them attractive for applications in the fields of nanoscience, materials and biology. The final goal of this CRP is to utilise the unique selforganising abilities of LCs in a bottom-up approach to the creation of ordered arrays of nanoparticles, rather than the currently used, but self-limiting, top-down methodologies. In taking this approach, liquid-crystalline nanoparticles with hierarchical hybrid structures with specific built-in functionality will be prepared.

#### Project Leader:

#### **Professor John Goodby**

Faculty of Science, University of York, United Kingdom

Principal Investigators:

#### Professor Ewa Gorecka

Faculty of Science, University of Warsaw, Warsaw, Poland

#### Professor Heinz Kitzerow

Faculty of Science, University of Paderborn, Paderborn, Germany

Associated Partners:

#### Dr. Daniel Guillon

Institut de Physique et Chimie des Matériaux, Université Louis Pasteur, Strasbourg, France

#### Professor José Serrano

Facultad de Ciencias, Universidad de Zaragoza, CSIC, Zaragoza, Spain

## Complexity Across Lengthscales in Soft Matter (SCALES)

(EPSRC, DFG, PAN)

This project will focus in particular on novel highly complex structures formed by liquid crystals and star block copolymers consisting of 3 and 4 incompatible types of moieties. The recently introduced honeycomb columnar LC phases in ternary amphiphiles are rapidly expanding in diversity and complexity and, while they will be developed further, several series of quaternary amphiphilic compounds will be synthesised and studied with a view of creating complex 3D structures. The new structures will also be doped with quest species such as metal ions and functional molecules to investigate their further application potential. A novel approach to creating order on colloidal length scale using liquid crystal medium will also be applied. The general aim is a unified approach to soft matter organisation from nanometer to micrometer.

#### Project Leader:

#### **Professor Goran Ungar**

University of Sheffield, Sheffield, United Kingdom

Principal Investigators:

#### **Professor Volker Abetz**

Institute of Chemistry, GKSS Research Centre Geesthacht GmbH, Geesthacht, Germany

#### Dr. Martin Bates

University of York, York, United Kingdom

#### **Professor Robert Holyst**

Institute of Physical Chemistry, Polish Academy of Sciences, Warsaw, Poland

#### **Professor Carsten Tschierske**

Institute of Organic Chemistry, University of Halle, Halle, Germany

Associated Partner:

#### Professor Janez Dolinšek

Josef Stefan Institute, Ljubljana, Slovenia

#### Self-Assembled Nanoscale Magnetic Networks (SANMAG)

(CNR, DFG, SNF, FWF)

The project aims at exploiting self-assembly processes for creating and developing bottom-up architectures of planar magnetic networks constituted by sub-nanometer size functional elements. Elemental and alloyed nanomagnets of controlled size organised into regular patterns offer new perspectives for exciting developments in the timely fields of nanoelectronics, spintronics, and quantum computation. The proposed collaborative project will develop self-assembly strategies to design nanomagnetic networks by controlling the specific properties of individual atomic-scale magnets, their mutual interactions, and coupling with the environment.

#### Project Leader:

#### Dr. Carlo Carbone

Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche, Istituto di Struttura della Materia, Area Science Park, Basovizza-Trieste, Italy

Principal Investigators:

#### Professor Stefan Blügel

Institut für Festkörperforschung, Forschungszentrum Jülich, Jülich, Germany

#### **Professor Harald Brune**

Institute of the Physics of Nanostructures (IPN), EPFL, Lausanne. Switzerland

#### Professor Klaus Kern

Institute für Festkörperforschung, Max-Planck-Gesellschaft, Stuttgart, Germany

#### **Professor Peter Varga**

Institut für Allgemeine Physik, Technische Universität Wien, Wien, Austria

Associated Partner:

#### Dr. Pietro Gambardella

Institut Català de Nanotecnologia, Centro mixto CSIC-UAB, Barcelona, Spain

#### Biofunctional Self-organized Nano-Structures of Ionic/Non-Ionic Amphiphilic Copolymers, Biopolymers-Biomacromolecules and Nanoparticles: From Bioinspired to biointegrated systems (BIOSONS) (SNF, DFG, GAČR)

BIOSONS aims to develop a new generation of self-assembling materials by coupling biological functions (by selected peptides and oligonucleotides, natural proteins and biological complex materials) to synthetic polymers as a way to boost their (bio)functionality.

By this truly multidisciplinary approach and with the decisive incorporation of sophisticated biological resources, much more complex, well defined and (bio)functional materials will be (bio)produced and manipulated to achieve a new standard in the self-assembling capabilities and functionalities of self-assembling macromolecules. Breakthrough soft and hard SONS, in terms of structure and function, are expected to be obtained in BIOSONS as well as new background of theoretical and methodological concepts in self-assembling material science and engineering.

#### Project Leader:

#### **Professor Wolfgang Meier**

University of Basel, Basel, Switzerland

Principal Investigators:

#### **Professor Matthias Ballauff**

Universität Bayreuth, Bayreuth, Germany

#### **Professor Axel Mueller**

University Bayreuth, Bayreuth, Germany

#### Dr. Helmut Schlaad

Max Planck Institute of Colloids and Interfaces (MPI-KGF), Golm, Germany

#### Dr. Petr Stepanek

Institute of Macromolecular Chemistry, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, Prague, Czech Republic

Associated Partners:

#### Dr. Olea Borisov

Université de Pau et des Pays de l'Adour, CNRS & University of Pau, Pau, France

#### Dr. Günter Reiter

Institut de Chimie des Surfaces et Interfaces, Mulhouse, France

#### Professor José Rodríguez-Cabello

E.T.S.I.I., University of Valladolid, Valladolid, Spain

Cooperating Partner:

#### Professor Frédéric Nallet

Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique (CNRS), Centre de Recherche Paul Pascal, Pessa, France The aim of the European Collaborative Research (EUROCORES) Scheme is to enable researchers in different European countries to develop collaboration and scientific synergy in areas where European scale and scope are required to reach the critical mass necessary for top class science in a global context.

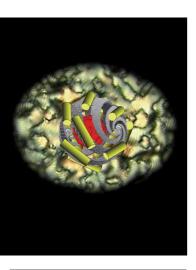
The scheme provides a flexible framework which allows national basic research funding and performing organisations to join forces to support excellent European research in and across all scientific areas.

The European Science Foundation (ESF) provides scientific coordination and support for networking activities of funded scientists currently through the EC FP6 Programme, under contract no. ERAS-CT-2003-980409. Research funding is provided by participating national organisations.

#### www.esf.org/eurocores

#### THE FOLLOWING NATIONAL FUNDING ORGANISATIONS SUPPORT THE SONS 2 PROGRAMME:

- Fonds zur F\u00f6rderung der wissenschaftlichen Forschung in \u00f6sterreich (FWF)
   Austrian Science Research Fund, Austria
- Fonds voor Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek Vlaanderen (FWO)
   Fund for Scientific Research Flanders, Belgium
- Grantová agentura České republiky (GAČR)
   Czech Science Foundation, Czech Republic
- Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (DFG) German Research Foundation, Germany
- Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche (CNR) National Research Council, Italy
- Polska Akademia Nauk (PAN)
   Polish Academy of Sciences, Poland
- Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas (CSIC)
   Council for Scientific Research, Spain
- Schweizerischer Nationalfonds (SNF)
   Swiss National Science Foundation, Switzerland
- Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council (EPSRC), United Kingdom



#### **SONS II Programme**

A molecular 'Boojum' - a chiral liquid crystalline nanoparticle. The chemical structure design is shown above the liquid crystal texture of the chiral nematic phase. Profs. John W. Goodby and Isabel M. Saez, University of York, UK (LC-NANOP Project)

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