# Micro-Nanoelectronics Goals and Challenges

### **Antonis Galetsas**

European Commission
Information Society & Media Directorate-General
Nanoelectronics





## **Presentation Outline**

- Micro-Nanoelectronics Technologies (MNT) drive the application-services industry,
- Addressing the future grand societal & technical challenges,
- European Commission initiatives
- Conclusions





# Micro-Nanoelectronics Technologies (MNT) drive the application-services industries

Internet Services
 Providers
 Games

#### Service Providers WW \$6300B

- Broadcast
- Telecom
   Operators

Automotive / Industrial / Defense Medical / Space

Electronics WW \$1100B

Semiconductors WW \$226B

> Equipment& Materials \$63B WW



Source: ESIA & WSTS European Chapter - June 8th, 2010



# Micro-Nanoelectronics Technologies vs grant societal challenges

MNT is addressing grand societal challenges, such as

- Globalisation,
- Climate and resource challenges,
- Health and ageing,
- Safety and security





# Micro-Nanoelectronics Technologies vs grant societal challenges

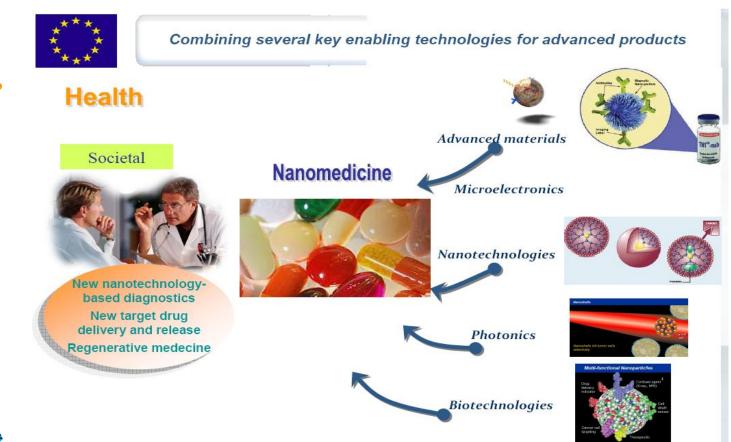








# Micro-Nanoelectronics Technologies vs grant societal challenges









# MNT- Automotive & Transport

- Intelligent Electric Vehicle (massive cost reductions, component standards, smart- grid)
- Traffic Management & Safety (moving from individual car safety to sustainable traffic solutions)





## MNT- Communications & Digital Lifestyles

- Internet Multimedia Services, (convergence of consumer, computer and communications needs advance electronic systems, i.e. memories, computers, photonics, etc)
- Self Organising Network & Wireless networks, (new communications chips up to 2GHz bandwidth, single chip systems to sense, communicate, reason & actuate)





# **MNT- Energy Efficiency**

- Sustainable & Efficient Energy Generation (increased energy conversion efficiency and reliability from alternatives)
- Energy Distribution-Smart Grid (prerequisite for the mass deployment of Electric Vehicles)
- Reduction of Energy Consumption (*Lighting, Industrial controls, long lifetime medical devices*)





# MNT- Health & Aging Society

- Home Healthcare (remote health monitoring, ICT-based therapies)
- Hospital Healthcare (medical imaging, robotics, bio-sensors)





# MNT- Safety & Security

- Consumer & Citizens Security
- Securing the European infrastructure and Applications





# MNT-Technical Challenges

**Design Technologies** (from technologies to applications)

Managing Complexity (miniaturization)

Managing Diversity (Diversification)

- Address the whole design process in an integrated way, from system architecture to component/system manufacturing and testing,
- Design reliable complex systems / chips containing 100 Billions of unreliable and variable devices. Improve modelling and verifications
- Integrate in the design process, H/W & S/W, reliability, EMC, thermal effects, heterogeneous components,

Handle packaging requirements and innovative architectures,





## **MNT- Technical Challenges**

## **Semiconductor Process & Integration**

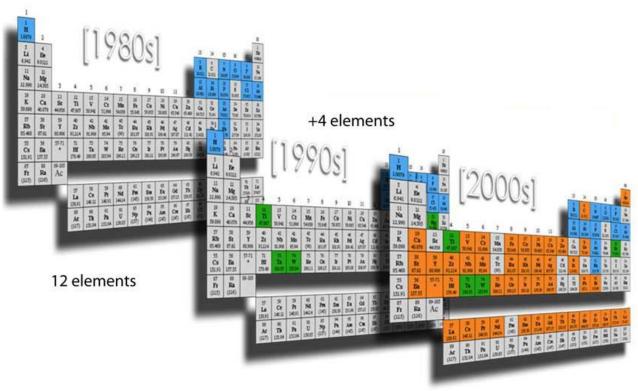
- Emerging Semiconductor Processes, (advanced & beyond CMOS)
- Semiconductor Process Differentiation, (actuators, sensors, analogue/mixed signal, power/RF devices),
- Semiconductor Packaging, (SoC, SiP, 3D integration, thermal management)





# **MNT- Technical Challenges**

## Materials, Equipment & Manufacturing







## **MNT- Technical Challenges**

## Materials, Equipment & Manufacturing

- Advanced CMOS (new materials, nano-structuring & 450mm)
- More than Moore (3D heterogeneous integration, electronic/biological systems)
- Manufacturing (low cost/green manufacturing, high yield)





# EU Tools supporting MNT as part of the Europe 2020 Strategy

#### **EU monitoring and guidance**

Macro, thematic & fiscal surveillance Annual Growth Survey

Annual policy guidance

### **EU flagship initiatives**

Digital Agenda (May 2010)

Youth on the Move (Sept. 2010)

Innovation Union (Sept. 2010)

New Industrial Policy (Oct. 2010) New Skills and Jobs (Nov. 2010) Platform against Poverty (Nov. 2010) Resource Efficiency (early 2011)

### EU levers for growth and jobs

Single market relaunch Trade and external policies

EU financial support



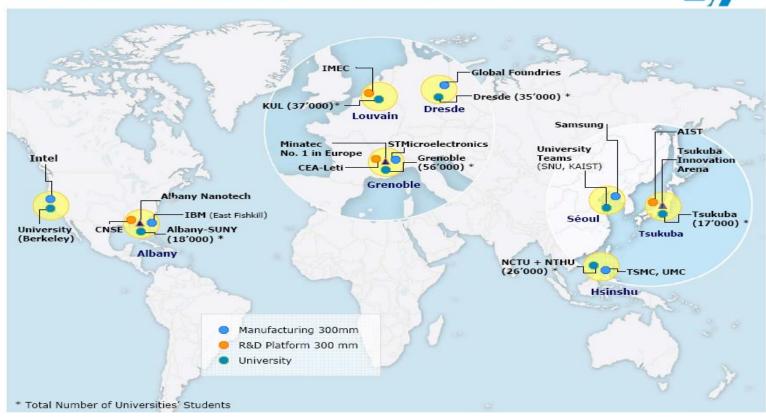


European Commission Information Society and Med

# MNT- Is a Globalized Industry

#### Worldwide Clusters in « More Moore »









# Nanoelectronic Challenges

Small-smaller-smarter

- Miniaturisation: Progress is complex, expensive and global (More Moore)
- Moore's law will come to an end: (Beyond Moore)
- System Integration & adding Functionality: energy efficiency, systemtechnology interactions, design, 3D, novel architectures (More than Moore)
- Globalisation of RTD and Manufacturing, changing business & research models, consolidation.
- Keep research, manufacturing, integration & system competence in Europe? IPR, lead markets, user-supplier relationships, regional innovation clusters.
- Our part of global value chain: equipment, manufacturing (450mm), SMEs
- R&D&I part of a holistic view to increase global competitiveness and address "Grand Challenges": European R&D infrastructure, equal global level playing, education, lead markets, VC





# Nanoelectronics Dialogue Reaches Consensus

(Industry, Member States and Commission thanks to ESIA, SEMI, AENEAS, CATRENE)

- No Knowledge Society or Digital Agenda without R&D&I in **Nanoelectronics**
- Semiconductor devices are driving innovation and modernisation in Europe's key industries, develop new goods, have systemic relevance
- SC technology addresses societal issues as climate change, renewable energy, security or health care.
- **Nanoelectronics creates innovation ecosystems**





## Nanoelectronics Dialogue Reaches Consensus

(Industry, Member States and Commission thanks to ESIA, SEMI, AENEAS, CATRENE)

### **Actions at European level:**

- 2008: Strategic Initiatives Eniac and Artemis launched
- 2009: Communication on Key Enabling Technologies
- 2009: 450 mm Initiative of E&M suppliers started
- 2010: EU2020 including Digital Agenda of Europe
- 2010: Flagships & HLG on KET





## **Conclusions**

- Nanoelectronics research is the main enabler & driver of all current & future applications with demanding requirements (low cost/power, high frequencies etc).
- The European Commission has responded by initiating a number of policy and research initiatives and identifying nanoelectronics as a Key Enabling Technology.
- The goal is to support the existing clusters of excellence and maintain the advanced know-how in Europe.

# Thank you

#### European research on the web:

http://cordis.europa.eu

http://www.eniac.eu

#### Information Society and Media:

http://ec.europa.eu/information\_society/

http://cordis.europa.eu/ist/

http://cordis.europa.eu/fp7/ict/programme/challenge3\_en.html

#### **Contact:**

Antonis.Galetsas@ec.europa.eu



