

#### ESF MOF, November 2011

Initial findings of feasibility study to assess the applicability across Europe of a generic framework for the professional development of researchers based on the Vitae Researcher Development Framework

#### www.vitae.ac.uk

Vitae is supported by Research Councils UK (RCUK), managed by CRAC: The Career Development Organisation and delivered in partnership with regional Hub host universities

### RDF feasibility project

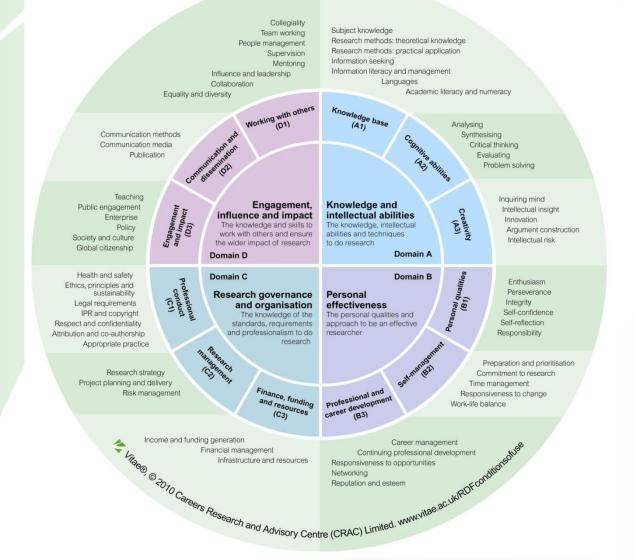




- Methodology
- Review of content
- Professional development tool
- Other messages
- Conclusions
- Draft recommendations

#### Researcher Development Framework





- Framework of the knowledge, behaviour and attributes of successful researchers
  - Enables selfassessment of strengths and areas for further development
    - Common language for researchers capabilities

# Methodology





- Six focus groups in six countries
  - Estonia, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, Norway
- Standard process:
  - Individual use of the RDF
  - semi-structured focus groups
  - range of researchers by disciplines/experience
  - feedback on overall content of the RDF and value of professional development planner
- Analysis of focus group responses
- Presentation of initial findings to ESF MOF
- Preparation of report and recommendations

### Review of content (1)





- First impressions
  - complicated / overwhelming
  - **12** intriguing
- Second impressions
  - very positive
  - common framework, consistent language can enhance mobility
  - presents researcher as a profession
  - trade-off of complexity compared to flexibility of use
  - 'I can recognise myself'
  - how do I assess where I am?
- Most reviewed all descriptors

# Review of content (2)





- Domain A: knowledge and intellectual attributes
  - need higher levels of academic literacy
  - researchers require 2/3 languages
  - is curiosity/openness to new ideas stressed enough?
- Domain B: personal effectiveness
  - good list 'easy to understand'
  - resilience needs stressing 'response to constant failure'
  - not able to have work-life balance

# Review of content (3)





- Domain C: research governance and organisation
  - international project management needs more emphasis
  - reference European legislation
- Domain D: engagement, influence and impact
  - terminology: engagement, corporate, astute
  - **Z** do researchers need to communicate?
  - 'Citizenship' too abstract a concept
  - differences between mentoring and supervision

#### Overall review of content





- General agreement on overall content
- No consensus on any changes
- Individual preferences for small changes / additions / deletions
- Individual preferences for presentational changes, moving descriptors to other Domains
- Need for more comprehensive glossary, more FAQs

# Value of RDF PDP (1)



- Works for different approaches: big picture or detail
- Aspirational: 'PhD is more than knowledge management'
- Good to structure thoughts
- Engagement influenced by personal preference / experience:
- Useful to do with others, talk through with supervisor
- Useful to go through with researcher, select areas to focus on

# Value of RDF PDP (2)





- Too advanced for some early career researchers: introduce 'aspiring to phase one'
- Include negative statements
- General enough to use outside higher education
- Most developed long term action plans, up to 10 years

# Value of RDF PDP (3)





- More guidance and resources needed
- Why is it structured this way; are all the domains the same?
- How to start; what to focus on?
- What is an action plan?
- What is a [SMART] objective?
- How to evidence expertise and competence; how to be objective?
- Value of 360 degree feedback
- Screencast helpful; break into sections, provide script
- More examples of case studies, action plans
- Links to online resources and courses

### Other messages





- Powerful vehicle for wider discussions:
  - Concept of academic career; collegiality
  - Concept of continuing professional development
  - Researchers' responsibilities to communicate widely
  - Research integrity, professional conduct
  - Equality and diversity in research careers
  - Enterprise, innovation and IPR in research
- Value of transferability to other HEIs, sectors
- Concept of career management, within closed research systems
- Need for local support structures for researchers
- Marter?
  Martin How does RDF link/map to European Charter?

#### Conclusions





- Overall very positive response to the RDF
  - further clarity through better glossary and explanations
  - important to facilitate initial engagement
  - individual preferences on engagement
- Different levels of readiness in different HEIs/countries
  - concept of career development
  - culture of appraisal, review and self evaluation
  - local provision of development opportunities
- Value of European wide framework
  - support implementation of the Charter and Code
  - concept of European researcher; common language
  - Portability: geographical and inter-sectoral mobility
  - economies of scale; not reinventing wheels

# Draft recommendations Europe





- Develop a pan-European web-based interactive RDF
- Develop additional FAQs, resources and guidance for a European audience
- Map and link existing European resources against the RDF
- Integrate with Charter and Code / Euraxess
- Provide (subscription) access to European researchers
- Initially target institutions with HR Excellence in Research award

### Draft recommendations Funders





- Use the RDF to review professional development requirements for funded researchers and national provision
- Consider licensing the RDF at a national level
- Provide access to funded researchers
- Link from the RDF through to national provision

### Draft recommendations Institutions





- Use the RDF to review professional development provision within the institution
- Consider licensing the RDF at an institutional level and providing access to researchers
- Link from the RDF through to institutional and national provision
- Integrate the RDF into institutional review processes for researchers

### Draft recommendations Researchers





- Use the RDF to assess your capabilities and expertise as a researcher
- Use the RDF to set realistic achievable career goals
- Reflect on the broader aspects of being a researcher
- Use the RDF to articulate your expertise to others
- Validate / benchmark yourself against other researchers