### Science in society Forum By Jean-Pierre Alix

#### **ESF Member Organisation Fora** Strasbourg - 17 November 2010



# Introduction : about the SiS wording

- Is about freedom and responsibility of science
- SiS means reciprocal influence (not a new topic !)
- Today specific features : velocity of exchanges, through many « motorways, roads, ways and paths », including internet
- « Communication » could be analog with « SiS » if taken in a broad sense
- Describe good practices, in connexion with reflexion (FL)



## Background

- Topics in the public arena : nuclear, bio, nano,... create a negative perception of science in the public which counterbalances positive image and effects of scientific discoveries and engineering
- From « Science = Progress » to « Science = Progress and risk » (Eurobarometer) which have influence on decision makers, funding, etc.
  Mythic image of science downsized.
- **Possible interpretations :** 
  - as deep criticism of Bacon's, Descartes, Renaissance, Enlightenment, etc. bets in our societies and lead to a rational/emotional war case
  - or maybe understood too as wisdom about knowledge :

« Science without conscience is the ruine of soul », François Rabelais, Pantagruel, 1532

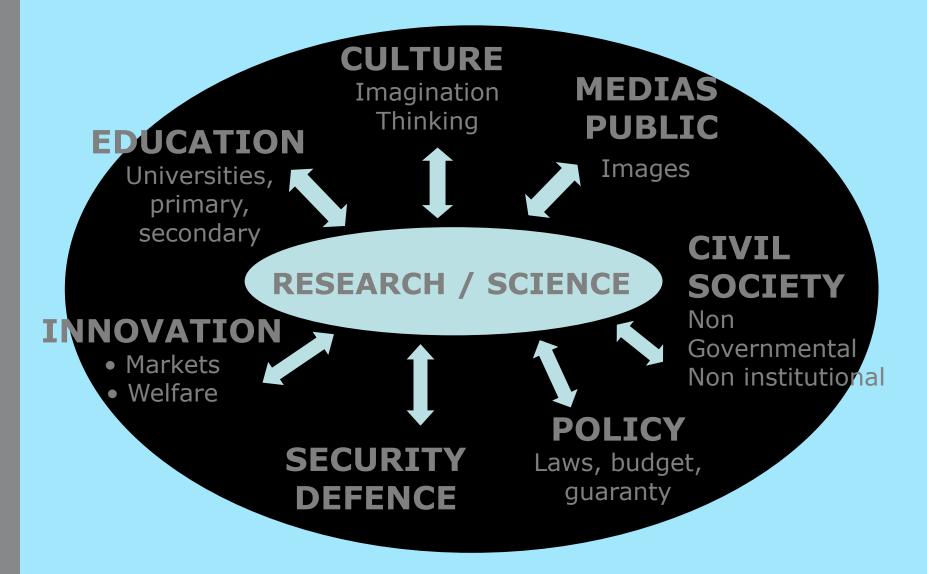


# **Evolution of « science policy » since 1945 :**

- The three historical layers :
  - Excellency after WWII (Science, the endless frontier)/ examples : CNRS, MPG, etc.
  - Innovation after the 60's / market driven
  - Society concerns arising since the 80's
    - environment, energy policies, health, ...
    - Great expectations for new solutions through science
    - Change in opinions : risks perception
- A new situation which means the success of science, and renews the freedom/responsibility discussion
- In fact, science policy is a mix at any level (lab, institution, policy making), with high variability depending on the field/topic
- How to introduce seriously the third pillar in science policy (society), which is not limited to production and dissemination.



### Science in Society today : an interactive relationships frame





## **Provisional conclusions**

as of november 2010

- For research managers
  - From « deficit model » to interaction or dialogue
  - Consider that production and dissemination of science are connected somewhere in hybrid zones in society where translation processes inbetween cultures happen
  - Better capacity to manage complexity (3 pillars model)
- Real work for research institutions
  - Create or collaborate to dedicated « places for dialogue »
  - REengineering of communication processes in institutions/ better involve scientists and labs, and stakeholders
  - Understanding : SiS Research programs at national and european level
  - Acting : Societal relationships as a normal activity for scientists (action plans, rewarding, methodology and capacity building, training
  - Accountability : Measuring impact of those activities
- For stakeholders and society
  - Benefits from science enhanced
  - More trust from co-actors of science
  - Image of future in a global world