

The Whitehall II study: a successful interdisciplinary paradigm?

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ESF Workshop 12-13 March 2012

'The Good, the Bad and the Ugly': understanding collaboration between the social sciences and the life sciences



Case study 5

- 1. Whitehall II study: objectives and structure
- 2. Whitehall II does 'social epidemiology'
- 3. Collaboration and integration
- 4. Experiences and lessons



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Whitehall II study

- Set up in 1985
- Cohort of 10,308 civil servants from 20 Civil Service departments, London
- Aged 35-55, ~1/3 women
- Original aim: to understand the role of social class for health
- Future: ageing study
- 11th collection phase underway



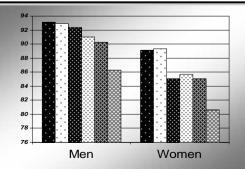




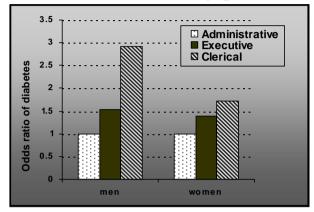
Whitehall II study



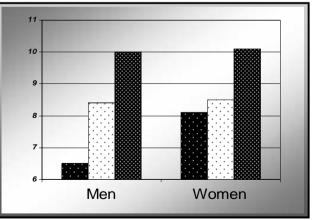
SF-36 physical function scale score by grade at mean age 50



Incident diabetes by grade

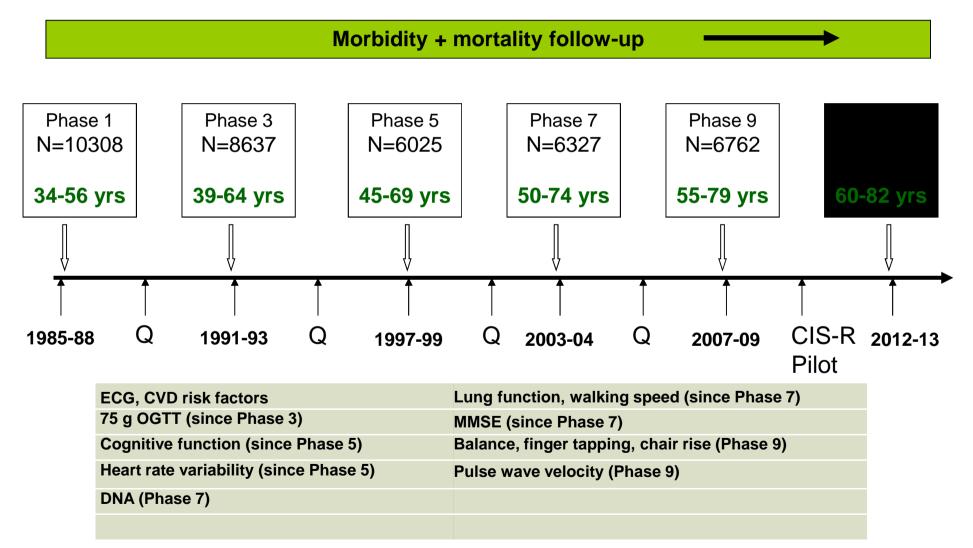


Incident coronary event rate by grade





Whitehall II cohort: study design



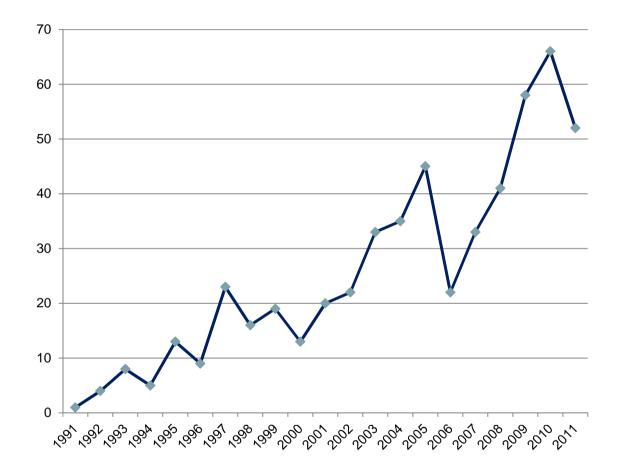
Scientists



Dr Tasnime Akbaraly, nutrition, epi Dr David Batty, epi Dr Annie Britton, human science, epi Dr Eric Brunner, biochemistry, epi Dr Alexis Elbaz, medicine, epi Dr Jane Ferrie, epi Dr Gareth Hagger-Johnson, psychology Ms Jenny Head, stats Dr Satoyo Ikehara, public health, academic visitor Prof Mika Kivimäki, psychology, epi Dr Meena Kumari, immunology, genetics Prof Sir Michael Marmot, medicine, epi Dr Hermann Nabi, psychology Dr Séverine Sabia, stats Mr Martin Shipley, stats Prof Archana Singh-Manoux, psychology, epi Dr Adam Tabak, medicine, epi



Research output: original papers 1991-2011



Cumulative to 2011 n=538 excluding genetic consortium papers



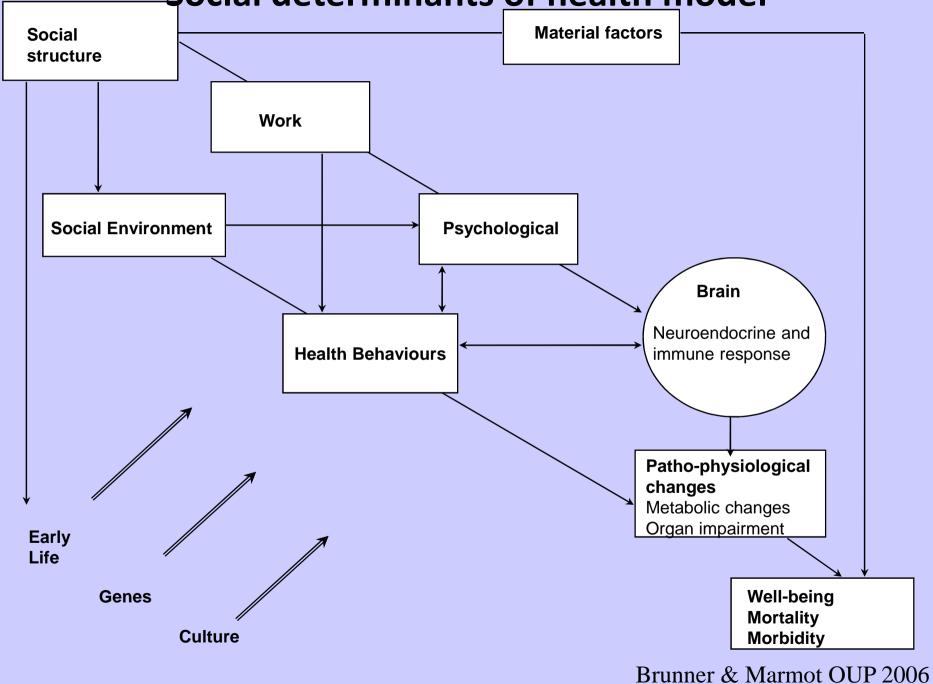
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Social epidemiology

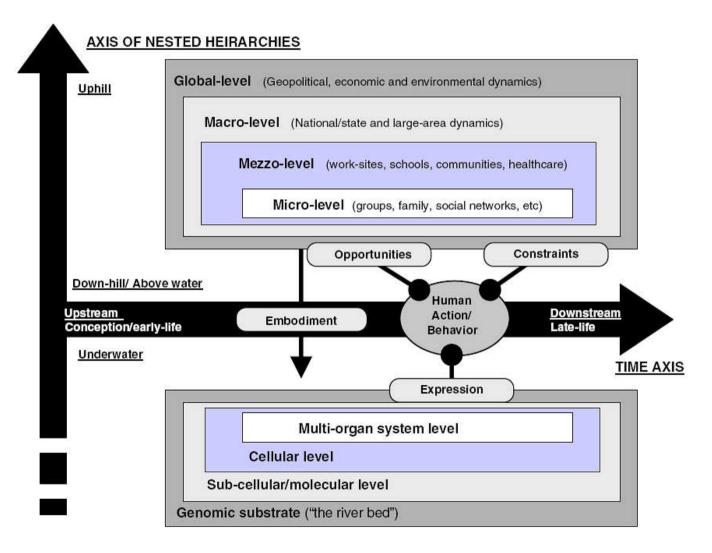
- Last's Dictionary of Epidemiology 4th ed, 2001 OUP
 NO ENTRY
- Berkman and Kawachi Social Epidemiology 1st ed OUP 2000, page 6
- "soc epi is the branch of epi that studies to social distribution and social determinants of states of health"

Social determinants of health model





Society-behaviour-biology nexus



Glass & McAtee Soc Sci Med 2006



Funding: programme support

- Medical Research Council
- British Heart Foundation
- National Heart Lung and Blood Institute
- National Institute of Ageing



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W2 Data Sharing Policy

- Gated-access approach since September 2007
- Informal discussion before application
- For genetic data, contact Meena Kumari
- Close collaborators and external data users
- Publication of 1-2 papers within the first 2 years?
- New application if further use of data in other areas of interest
- <u>www.ucl.ac.uk/whitehallII/data_sharing</u> Data sharing policy
 - W2 Data dictionary
 - Questionnaires (PDF)





Received Data Sharing Applications (since Sept 2007)

69 applications

19 external (5 PhD)15 collaborations (1 PhD)25 genetic (1 PhD)

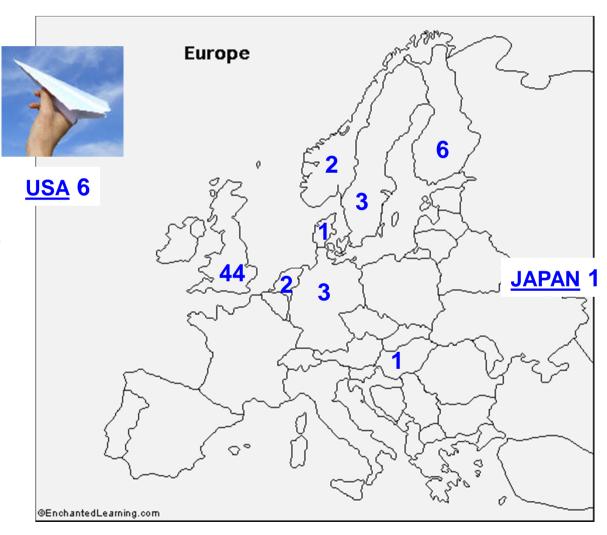
Geography

44 UK (7 UCL, 12 UCL genetics)18 Rest of Europe7 Overseas

Approval rate

At first submission = 63 Re-submission requested = 6 Re-submission received = 5

Actioned = 64"Dormant" = 5





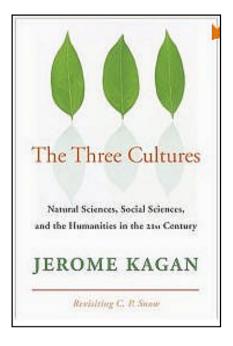
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Following Jerome Kagan

On the distinctions between the cultures of natural and social science...

- Primary concerns
- Sources of evidence
- Vocabulary and preferred set of explanations
- Importance of social conditions and historical events
- Importance of ethical values
- Dependence on financial support
- Lone or team working
- Contribution to the national economy
- Aesthetic criteria for research product





Kagan rubric 1

1. Primary concerns

HYBRID: human behaviour and its impact on biology and health

2. Sources of evidence

HYBRID: self-report plus biological measures, observation; largescale quantitative methods based on distributional assumptions

3. Vocabulary and preferred set of explanations

- **HYBRID:** primary social, psychological and behavioural explanations; biological manifestations and mechanisms
- 4. Importance of social conditions and historical events

SOCIAL: Central to the research agenda



Kagan rubric 2

5. Importance of ethical values

SOCIAL: grounded in belief that equity is key issue in population health

6. Dependence on financial support

NATURAL SCIENCE MODEL: highly dependent on programme support

7. Lone or team working

HYBRID: Mid-size team work

8. Contribution to the national economy

NATURAL SCIENCE MODEL: Active policy influence

9. Aesthetic criteria for research product

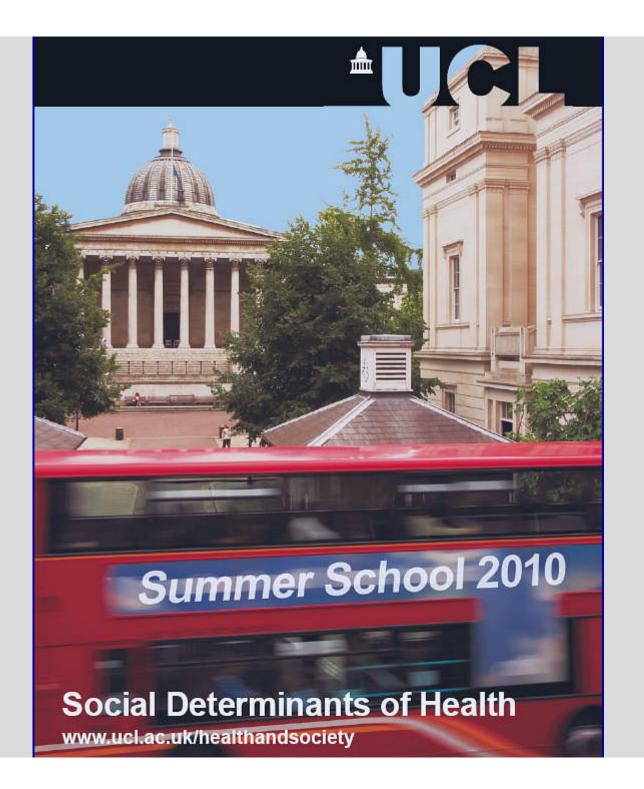
HYBRID: Broad theorised and evidence-based conclusions

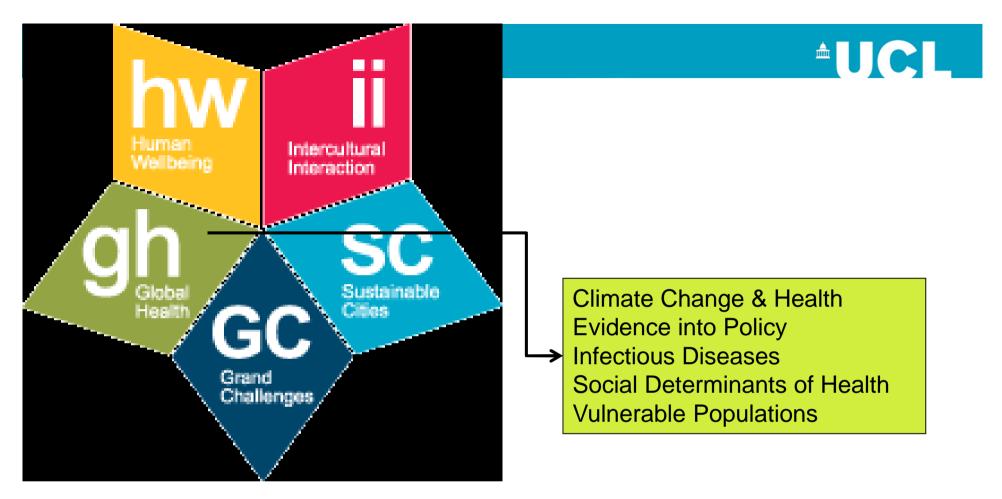


Shared culture Coherence Do we have proper shared culture? Common purpose



Co-directors Mika Kivimaki (Helsinki/UCL, psychology) Archana Singh-Manoux (Paris/UCL, psychology) Eric Brunner (UCL (Osaka), epidemiology)





UCL Grand Challenges is a central feature of the UCL Research Strategy, which aims to:

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- •foster cross-disciplinarity grounded in expertise
- •realise the impact of a global university.



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- are designed to equip students for leading careers

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Pathways

Cultures Health and Environment Sciences and Engineering Societies

Core Courses

Approaches to Knowledge Quantitative Methods Interdisciplinary Research Object-based learning Qualitative Thinking The Knowledge Economy





Starting September 2012



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PROBLEMS Status hierarchy Research assessment Confidence → training Promotion/retention The Rainbow Effect



LESSONS

Quality does the trick

Scrap/minimize the clinical pay scale in non-clinical subjects