EUROCORES Programme
European Collaborative Research
EuroCORECODE
European Comparisons in Regional Cohesion, Dynamics and Expressions
When comparing the historical developments of regions across Europe, it is striking how many unexpected similarities and differences can be found in the complex ways in which societies in the past were created and behaved. During recent decades, monodisciplinary research in this field has grown enormously in depth and quality. This now calls for a new approach that aims at a comparative and interdisciplinary analysis of historical developments (from their very origins throughout historical times) and of the constituent elements of regional cohesion, such as dialect and language, religion, historical geography, ethnogenesis, invented tradition and material culture.

The EUROCORES programme European Comparisons in Regional Cohesion, Dynamics and Expressions (EuroCORECODE) offers the opportunity to build such a three-dimensional analytical framework enabling comparisons across both time and space, as well as comparisons of results from different disciplines.

By exploring in this way the functional dynamics of different aspects of regional development and its modern perspectives, the EuroCORECODE programme aims to create a better understanding of the ways in which regional cohesion developed in the longue durée within a changing European context.

EuroCORECODE brings together 18 research projects from 13 different countries across Europe.

**Running time:** 2010–2013

**Research budget:** ca. 2.5 million Euros
Symbols that Bind and Break Communities: Saints’ Cults as stimuli and expressions of local, regional, national and universalist identities (CULTICSYMBOLS)
(Funded by: ETF, FKK, FWF, RCN)

The CULTICSYMBOLS project studies how rituals and symbols provide social cohesion, asserting that a key to understanding the development of regional identities lies in the tension between formulated regional traditions and transregional impulses influenced by authoritative concerns at different levels.

The project focuses on a range of different European regions using the cults of medieval saints and their modern appropriations as a vehicle for studying changing cultural and social values. Each of the five subprojects investigates specific materials pertaining to various media and discourses, each with its own methodological framework. Interactions between centre and periphery, between medieval Latin culture and regional interests, political and cultural agendas and their reflections in different media (images, music, literature) are of primary interest to the project. The combination of synchronic and diachronic aspects as well as an intrinsically interdisciplinary approach explicitly addressing socio-political functions of the arts emphasise its actuality as well as its historical foundation.

Further information: http://www.teol.ku.dk/english/dept/cskmr/

Project Leader:
Dr Nils Holger Petersen
University of Copenhagen, Denmark

Principal Investigators:
Dr Roman Hankeln
Norwegian University of Science and Technology, Norway
Professor Gerhard Jaritz
Austrian Academy of Sciences, Austria
Dr Anu Mänd
Tallinn University, Estonia

Associated Partner:
Professor Gábor Klaniczay
Central European University, Hungary

Cuius Regio. An Analysis of the Cohesive and Disruptive Forces Destining the Attachment of Groups of Persons to and the Cohesion within Regions as a Historical Phenomenon (CURE)
(Funded by: CNCSIS, ETF, FCT, FKK, GAČR, MNiSW [tbc], NWO)

This project aims at a synthesising analysis of a group of regions, representing a morphological, typological and historical variety of territorial entities, which will allow a comparison of the cohesive and disruptive dynamics of regions over a period of about seven centuries. The approach is historical while the methodologies and topics are derived from, and touch upon, different disciplines. By questioning the regions with the same set of ‘key-elements’ and by concentrating the comparison through a combination of ‘benchmark-moments’ and ‘formative periods’, understanding will be gained of the relative importance of the factors involved in regional cohesion and identification processes.
The ambition is to combine thorough historical research with theoretical insights about regional formation processes. It will build upon existing regional studies, apply a common methodological framework and add fundamental analysis of (unedited) primary sources to lead to a better understanding of regional cohesion and dynamics.

Further information: 
http://www.cuiuisregio.eu/

Project Leader: 
Professor Dick de Boer 
University of Groningen, The Netherlands

Principal Investigators: 
Professor Lenka Bobkova 
Universitas Carolina/Charles University, Czech Republic
Professor Luís Adão da Fonseca 
Universidade Lusíada do Porto, Portugal
Dr Anu Mänd 
Tallinn University, Estonia 
Dr Cosmin Popa-Gorjanu 
“1st December 1918” University Alba Iulia, Romania 
Professor Kurt Villads Jensen 
University of Southern Denmark, Denmark
Professor Roscislaw Zerelik [tbc] 
University of Wroclaw, Poland

Associated Partner: 
Professor Flocel Sabate I Curull 
University of Lleida, Spain

Unfamiliarity as Signs of European Times: scrutinising historical representations of otherness and contemporary daily practices in border regions (Unfamiliarity) 
(Funded by: AKA, FKK, FWO, NWO)

The Unfamiliarity project aims to unravel how mental barriers for mobility are constructed and deconstructed in the minds of EU inhabitants, how historical commonalities and fractures have an impact on their representations of borders and ‘otherness’ and what influence political plans and media campaigns may have in changing representations and creating cohesive cross-border regions. The project aims to find out what cross-border unfamiliarity means, how its experience changed during the course of time, how this experience still influences contemporary cross-border behaviour and why, by uncovering historical explanations, experiences have changed and behaviour is influenced.

The project will focus on an analysis of daily life practices of inhabitants in different ‘old’ and ‘new’ inner, as well as ‘new’ outer, cross-border regions across the EU. Their daily life is seen as expressing representations of cross-border unfamiliarity and (re)producing mental borders – generating either international mobility or immobility. Such a focus will also open insights to promote more international interaction and regional cohesion.

Further information: 
www.unfamiliarity.eu

Project Leaders: 
Dr Bas Spierings 
Utrecht University, The Netherlands
Dr Martin van der Velde 
Radboud University Nijmegen, The Netherlands

Principal Investigators: 
Dr Martin Klatt 
University of Southern Denmark, Denmark
Professor Peter Scholliers 
Vrije Universiteit Brussels, Belgium
Professor James Scott 
University of Joensuu, Finland

Associated Partners: 
Professor Alberto Gasparini 
University of Trieste, Italy 
Professor Jolanta Jakóbczyk-Gryszkiewicz 
University of Lodz, Poland
The European Collaborative Research (EUROCORES) Scheme enables researchers in different European countries to develop collaboration and scientific synergy in areas where international scale and scope are required for top class science in a global context.

The scheme provides a flexible framework for national basic research funding and performing organisations to join forces in supporting forefront European research in and across all scientific areas. The national organisations support all aspects including scientific coordination, networking and research funding.

www.esf.org/eurocores

THE FOLLOWING NATIONAL FUNDING ORGANISATIONS SUPPORT THE EuroCORECODE PROGRAMME:

**Fonds zur Förderung der wissenschaftlichen Forschung in Österreich (FWF)**  
*Austrian Science Fund, Austria*

**Fonds voor Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek-Vlaanderen (FWO)**  
*Research Foundation Flanders, Belgium*

**Grantová agentura České republiky (GAČR)**  
*Czech Science Foundation, Czech Republic*

**Det Frie Forskningsråd – Kultur og Kommunikation (FKK)**  
*The Danish Council for Independent Research – Humanities, Denmark*

**Eesti Teadusfond (ETF)**  
*Estonian Science Foundation, Estonia*

**Suomen Akatemia/Finlands Akademi (AKA)**  
*Academy of Finland, Finland*

**Nederlandse Organisatie voor Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek (NWO)**  
*Netherlands Organisation for Scientific Research, The Netherlands*

**Norges Forskningsråd (RCN)**  
*Research Council of Norway, Norway*

**Ministerstwo Nauki i Szkolnictwa Wyższego (MniSW) [tbc]**  
*Ministry of Science and Higher Education, Poland*

**Fundação para a Ciência e a Tecnologia (FCT)**  
*Foundation for Science and Technology, Portugal*

**Consiliul National al Cercetării Stiintifice din Invatamantul Superior (CNCSIS)**  
*National University Research Council, Romania*
CONTACT DETAILS
For further information, please contact:

Dr Eva Hoogland
Senior science officer, Humanities Unit

Ms Claire Rustat-Flinton
Administrator, Humanities Unit

European Science Foundation
1 quai Lezay-Marnésia | BP 90015
67080 Strasbourg cedex | France
Tel: +33 (0)3 88 76 71 79
Fax: +33 (0)3 88 76 71 81
Email: eurocorecode@esf.org
www.esf.org/eurocorecode

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